

Table VI.A.I .-Relative importance of income sources by age: Percentage distribution of aged units 55 or older, 1996—*Continued*

| Proportion of unit income ¹ | Age 55-61 | Age 62-64 | Aged 65 or older | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------|------------------|--------|-------------|
| | | | Total | 65-74 | 75 or older |
| | Public assistance | | | | |
| Number (in thousands) | 10,398 | 3,831 | 24,005 | 12,639 | 11,366 |
| Total percent | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 0 | 93 | 93 | 94 | 94 | 94 |
| 1-19 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 20-39 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 40-59 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 60-79 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 80 or more | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 50 or more | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 90 or more | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 100 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Mean proportion | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

1 Units with zero total income or with negative total income, earnings or income from assets are excluded.

2 Retirement benefits include Social Security benefits, Railroad Retirement, government employee pensions, and private pensions or annuities.

3 Social Security beneficiaries may be receiving retired-worker benefits, dependents' or survivors' benefits, disability benefits, transitionally insured, or special age-72 benefits.

4 Government employee pensions include Federal, State, local, and military pensions.

Table VI.A.2.—Relative importance of income sources by quintiles of total money income ¹: Percentage distribution of aged units 65 or older, 1996

| Proportion of unit income 2 | Quintiles of Total Money Income | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Total | First | Second | Third | Fourth | Fifth |
| Retirement benefits 3 | | | | | | |
| Number (in thousands) | 24,005 | 4,431 | 4,933 | 4,859 | 4,929 | 4,853 |
| Total percent | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 0 | 5 | 12 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
| 1-19 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 16 |
| 20-39 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 21 |
| 40-59 | 11 | 5 | 7 | 11 | 16 | 19 |
| 60-79 | 15 | 7 | 13 | 17 | 21 | 16 |
| 80 or more | 57 | 75 | 76 | 65 | 49 | 22 |
| 50 or more | 79 | 85 | 94 | 88 | 79 | 48 |
| 90 or more | 47 | 68 | 68 | 54 | 37 | 13 |
| 100 | 23 | 48 | 39 | 21 | 8 | 2 |
| Mean proportion | 74 | 81 | 87 | 81 | 72 | 49 |
| Social Security 4 | | | | | | |
| Number (in thousands) | 24,005 | 4,431 | 4,933 | 4,859 | 4,929 | 4,853 |
| Total percent | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 0 | 8 | 14 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 11 |
| 1-19 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 32 |
| 20-39 | 15 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 23 | 38 |
| 40-59 | 18 | 5 | 9 | 23 | 36 | 16 |
| 60-79 | 16 | 8 | 19 | 28 | 22 | 3 |
| 80 or more | 35 | 71 | 65 | 35 | 8 | 2 |
| 50 or more | 61 | 83 | 91 | 75 | 47 | 9 |
| 90 or more | 28 | 62 | 52 | 24 | 4 | 1 |
| 100 | 17 | 44 | 30 | 10 | 1 | 0 |
| Mean proportion | 59 | 78 | 82 | 66 | 48 | 25 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table VI.A.2.—Relative importance of income sources by quintiles of total money income ¹: Percentage distribution of aged units 65 or older, 1996—Continued

| Proportion of unit income 2 | Quintiles of Total Money Income | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Total | First | Second | Third | Fourth | Fifth |
| Government employee pension 5 | | | | | | |
| Number (in thousands) | 24,005 | 4,431 | 4,933 | 4,859 | 4,929 | 4,853 |
| Total percent | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 0 | 87 | 98 | 96 | 90 | 80 | 73 |
| 1-19 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| 20-39 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 8 |
| 40-59 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 8 |
| 60-79 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| 80 or more | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 50 or more | 5 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 9 |
| 90 or more | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mean proportion | 6 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 11 |
| Private pension or annuity | | | | | | |
| Number (in thousands) | 24,005 | 4,431 | 4,933 | 4,859 | 4,929 | 4,853 |
| Total percent | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 0 | 70 | 95 | 83 | 64 | 51 | 58 |
| 1-19 | 13 | 2 | 10 | 15 | 16 | 18 |
| 20-39 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 14 | 21 | 13 |
| 40-59 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 10 | 7 |
| 60-79 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 80 or more | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 50 or more | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| 90 or more | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 100 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mean proportion | 8 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 14 | 12 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table VI.A.2.—Relative importance of income sources by quintiles of total money income ¹: Percentage distribution of aged units 65 or older, 1996—*Continued*

| Proportion of unit income ² | Quintiles of Total Money Income | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Total | First | Second | Third | Fourth | Fifth |
| Earnings | | | | | | |
| Number (in thousands) | 24,005 | 4,431 | 4,933 | 4,859 | 4,929 | 4,853 |
| Total percent..... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 0 | 80 | 97 | 93 | 84 | 75 | 51 |
| 1-19 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 20-39 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 9 |
| 40-59 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 10 |
| 60-79 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 12 |
| 80 or more | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 11 |
| 50 or more | 9 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 9 | 28 |
| 90 or more | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 6 |
| 100 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Mean proportion | 10 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 11 | 26 |
| Income from assets | | | | | | |
| Number (in thousands) | 24,005 | 4,431 | 4,933 | 4,859 | 4,929 | 4,853 |
| Total percent..... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 0 | 48 | 81 | 64 | 47 | 32 | 20 |
| 1-19 | 31 | 13 | 25 | 36 | 40 | 41 |
| 20-39 | 11 | 2 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 17 |
| 40-59 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 11 |
| 60-79 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 7 |
| 80 or more | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 50 or more | 6 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 16 |
| 90 or more | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 100 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mean proportion | 11 | 5 | 5 | 9 | 14 | 21 |

¹ Quintile limits are \$8,156, \$13,007, \$20,000, and \$33,777 for aged units.

² Units with zero total income or with negative total income, earnings or income from assets are excluded.

³ Retirement benefits include Social Security benefits, Railroad Retirement, government

employee pensions, and private pensions or annuities.

⁴ Social Security beneficiaries may be receiving retired-worker benefits, dependents' or survivors' benefits, transitionally insured, or special age-72 benefits.

⁵ Government employee pensions include Federal, State, local, and military pensions.